# AUTOMATIC POWER CONTROL

# Automatic <u>Twin-Jet</u> Electropolisher



The industry standard for producing high-quality thin foils for transmission electron microscopy

EXCELLENCE ... MAGNIFIED

### Automatic Twin-Jet Electropolisher

- Twin jets simultaneously polish both sides of the sample.
- Electron transparent specimens within a few minutes.
- No induced artifacts.
- Electrolytic polishing or chemical etching.
- Easily adjustable.
- Electrolyte resistant materials in the polishing cell.
- Automatic process termination.
- Audible and visual shutoff alarms.



Model 120 Automatic Power Control



Model 110 Twin-Jet Electropolisher

Electrolytic thinning of conductive materials is an effective method of producing electron transparent foils for transmission electron microscopy (TEM). By electro-chemically removing material, TEM specimens are made quickly and without any induced artifacts.

### Automatic Twin-Jet Electropolisher

## Quick, easy electropolishing

Fischione's Model 110 Twin-Jet Electropolisher uses two jets to direct electrolyte flow onto the specimen, simultaneously thinning and polishing both sides.

Light is transmitted from a light source on the lid of the polishing cell through fiber optics and onto the specimen. Fiber optics on the opposite side of the specimen carry light to a photocell detector.

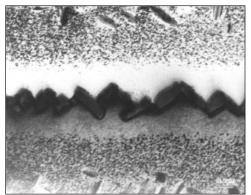
Adjusting the sensitivity of this photocell detector varies the detection threshold of the light transmitted through the specimen, effectively determining the size of the hole created. At the time of perforation, both audible and visual alarms are activated.

The variable flow rate pump works with the jet assemblies to provide a steady stream of electrolyte to the specimen. Cathode coils in the jet assemblies and the anodic platinum contact in the specimen holder allow current to flow through the electrolyte.

The polishing voltage and current can be adjusted at low levels to selectively dissolve metal ions from a specimen, that is, to chemically etch the specimen. Increasing the voltage until a plateau in current is reached results in electrolytic polishing. This electrochemical reaction dissolves metal ions uniformly at a controllable and reproducible rate.



Annealed Ni-Cr-Fe Alloy 600 containing high angle and twin boundaries, and isolated Cr-rich carbides. The electrolyte used was 20% perchloric acid, balance methanol, maintained at a temperature of -40°C. Voltage was set to 15VDC. Image courtesy of J.J. Haugh and M.G. Burke, Westinghouse Electric Corporation (U.S.A.)



High-nickel content Superalloy 718 with a complex microstructure. Coarse and fine gamma double prime precipitates are found throughout the matrix. Preferential precipitation of delta precipitates occurs at the grain boundaries. A gamma-double-prime-precipitate-free zone also exists at the grain boundary. The electrolyte used was 20% perchloric acid, balance methanol, maintained at a temperature of -40°C. Voltage was set to 15VDC. The resulting current was in the range of 90 to 100mA. *Image courtesy of J.J. Haugh and M.G. Burke, Westinghouse Electric Corporation (U.S.A.)* 

# Automatic Twin-Jet Electropolisher and Accessories

Enclosed process	The polishing cell consists of the electrolyte pump and motor, jet assemblies, specimen holder, and fiber optic assemblies (including the light source and photocell detector) mounted on a PVC lid. The lid and its components fit into an acrylic box that holds a glass dish for the electrolyte. The specimen holder is specifically designed so that the specimen can be easily installed with a single screw-on insert firmly securing the specimen in place.	
Model 110 specifications	Specimen holders	Available in standard 3mm and 2.3mm sizes Other sizes and configurations available upon request
specifications	Enclosure size	6" (152mm) W x 6.5" (165mm) H x 6" (152mm) D
	Weight	3 lb (1.4kg)
	Polishing range	0-120VDC; 0-100mA
	Warranty	One year
Automatic Power Control	Twin-Jet Electropolisher. It controls the electrolyte flow via the motor speed, polishing voltage circuit, light source, detection sensitivity, and photocell shutoff circuit including audible and visual indicators. Two analog meters indicate the polishing voltage and current levels. A switch selects whether or not current is applied, enabling either electropolishing or chemical etching. A single connecting cable links the Power Control to the Electropolisher.	
Model 120 specifications	Model 120 Automatic Power Control	Contains main power switch and indicator, pump speed control, light and photocell circuit complete with sensitivity adjustment and an audible and visual alarm, voltage control circuit, and analog meters to indicate polishing voltage and current levels
	Enclosure size	12" (305mm) W x 7.5" (191mm) H x 7.5" (191mm) D
	Weight	12 lb (5.5kg)
	Connecting cable	Contains light source, photocell, motor connection, and voltage connections
	Power requirements	110/220VAC, 50/60Hz, 125 watts
	Warranty	One year