



Piezoresponse Force Microscopy



NT-MDT: History and Background



- The oldest AFM manufacturer in the world
- Two-time R&D100 AWARD winner.
- The second position of global AFM manufacturers
- 250 experts in HQ offices



NT-MDT: Experience + Innovations



NT-MDT has achieved high results in **Piezoresponse Force Microscopy** technique development due to careful attention to the trends in the world of scientific research.



The Basic Idea of Piezoresponse Force Microscopy (PFM)

Step 1

Polarize the piezoelectric sample locally applying the electric potential



Step 2

Analyze the response





PFM is a Perspective Mode

PFM since its inception and first implementation has steadily attracted more and more interest.

It can be applied in various fields:

Ferroelectrics

Semiconductors



PFM image of a z-cut ferroelectric single crystal



Biology

Hexagonal domain structure of Lithium Niobate

Sample courtesy by C. Gawith, Optoelectronics Research Centre University of Southampton. Image courtesy of T. Jungk, A. Hoffmann, E. Soergel, University of Bonn.



PFM is a Standard Mode of NT-MDT Equipment

PFM mode is implemented in each product of:



NT-MDT meets the wishes of PFM researchers



Probes



Tip with diamond-like extra-stable coating



CSG01/Pt

High Resolution CONTACT "GOLDEN" Silicon Cantilevers CSG01 series with PtIr conductive coating





PFM Capabilities

Domain imaging

Switching spectroscopy mapping



Topography image



Piezoresponse image





Ferroelectric properties of the P(VDF-TrFE) nanostructures*

<u>*Source</u>: Regular arrays of highly ordered ferroelectric polymer nanostructures for non-volatile low-voltage memories. Zhijun Hu1,2, Mingwen Tian3, Bernard Nysten1,2 and Alain M. Jonas1,2*



Domain lithography

PFM capabilities



Temperature dynamics and phase transitions



NT-MDT Molecular Devices and Tools for NanoTechnology

Thermal Control

Operation temperature range: from -20 °C to +300 °C





Piezo Hysteresis Spectroscopy





Hysteresis loop on a microscopic scale (within a single domain)

Hysteresis loop on a macroscopic scale

<u>Note:</u> the definitions of the spontaneous polarisation Ps, the remanent polarization Pr, and the coercive field Ec

Principle of Crosstalk Compensator





Basic Diagram for Crosstalk Compensator



Crosstalk Compensator Operation

Experiment with peptide nanotubes (high in-plain signal):



Crosstalk Compensator Operation

Experiment with TGS crystals (high out-of-plane signal):





Crosstalk Compensator

The Compensator eliminates the crosstalk effect



NT-MDT Crosstalk Compensator







Measurement Results







PFM Amplitude





Thank You!



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