

DIP Direct Inlet Probe for GC-MS

DIP-5975 MSD



DIP-7000 QQQ
mit Dual-PAL

MSD Direct Inlet Probe



Push rod:

- integrated heating element and cooling device
- sample vessel is located at the tip of the push rod

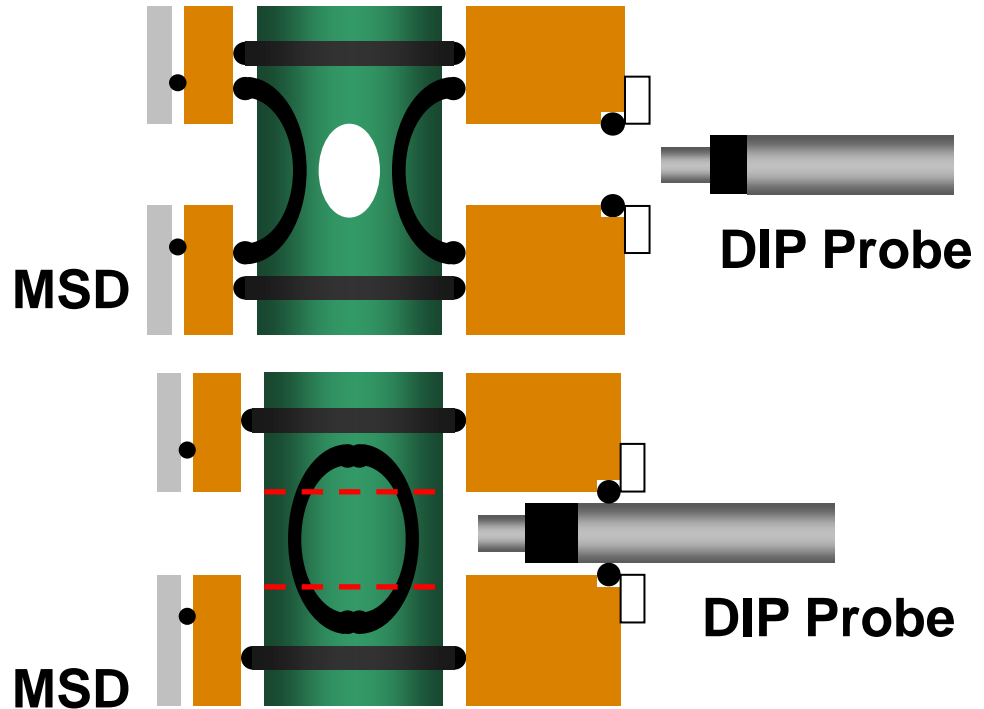


Control panel:

- a **microprocessor** enables automatic sample transfer into the ion source and
- **heating** and **cooling** of the probe tip at ramp rates

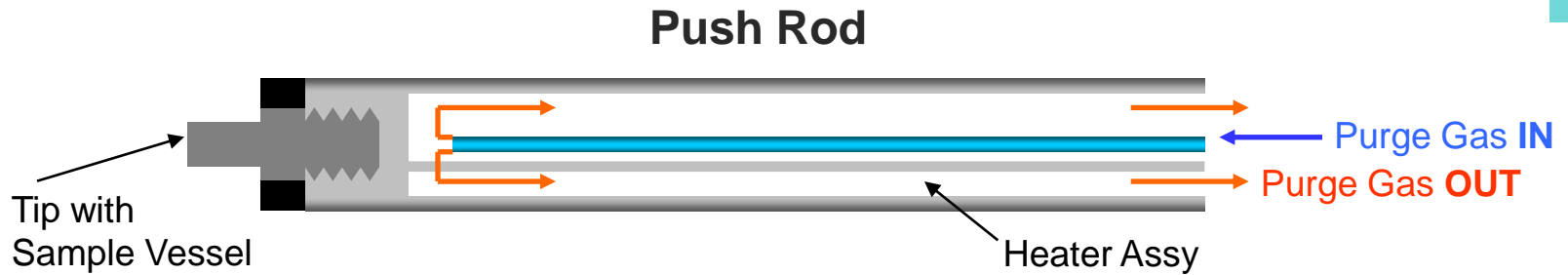
Sealing Mechanism

→ sample is transferred into the vacuum of the ionization chamber via a **vacuum-lock assembly**:

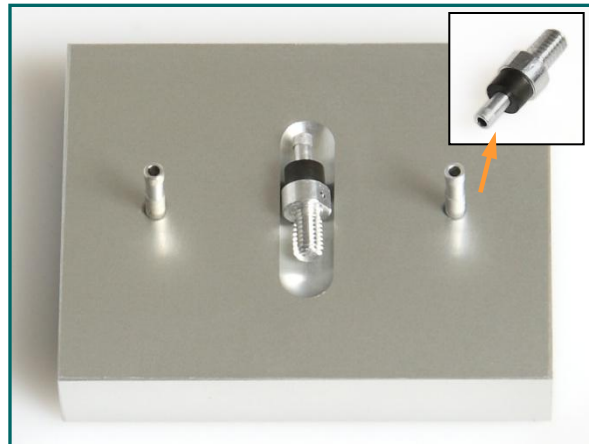


→ vacuum lock assy with marginal dead volume :
no additional pump for the vacuum lock required
(as it is common practice for competitive products)

Details of the Probe



Liquid Sample Tip
(filled with a syringe)

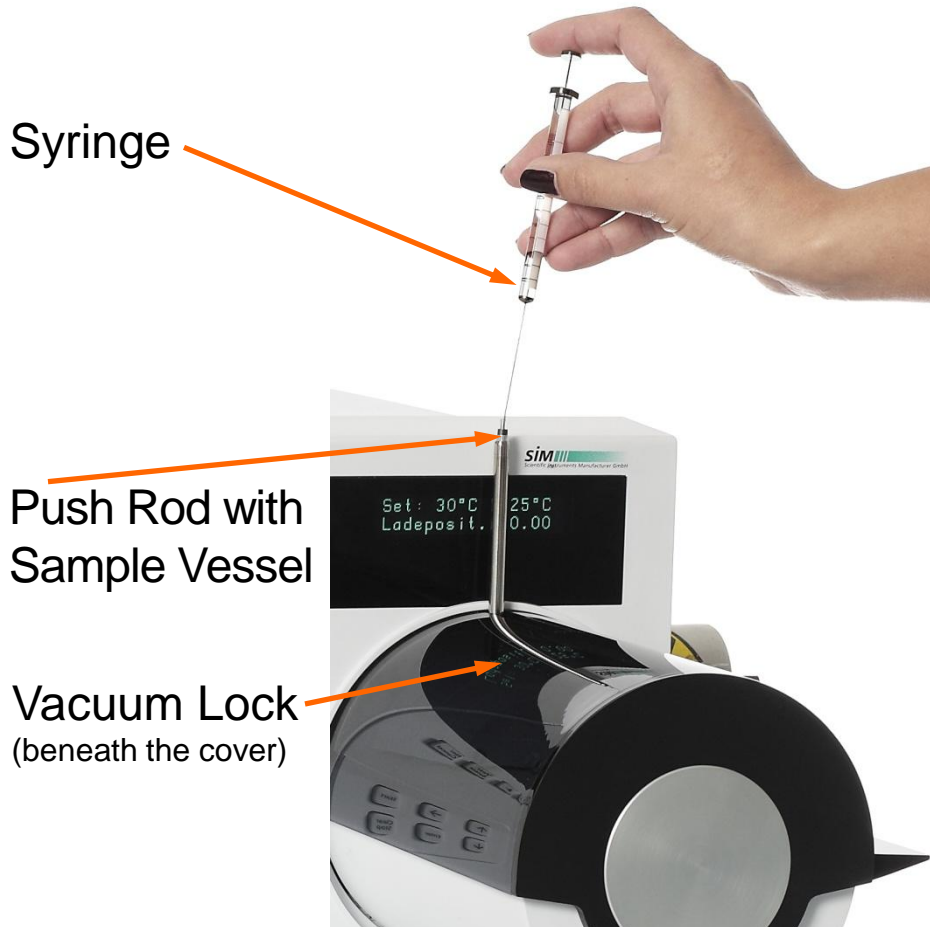


Solid Sample Tip
with aluminium
sample tubes



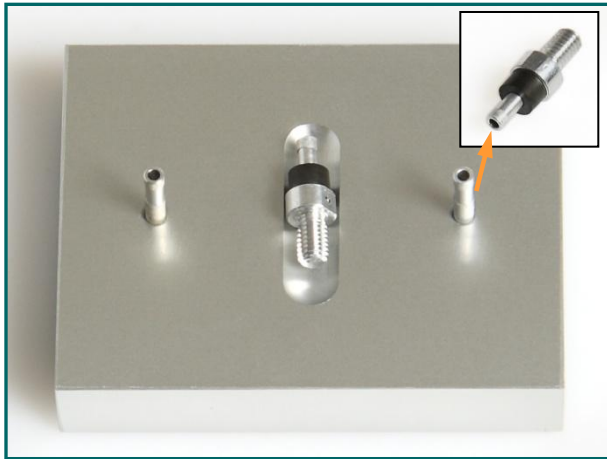
Push Rod with
body (above),
purge gas line (middle)
heater assembly (below)

Sample Insertion (I)



1. Sample (liquid/dissolved) is placed into the sample vessel of the probe tip with a syringe.
2. Push rod is automatically introduced into the high vacuum of the MS up to the ion source funnel (step by step through the vacuum lock).
3. When the probe tip is placed directly in front of the ion source funnel, the tip is heated corresponding to the temperature program.

Sample Insertion (II)

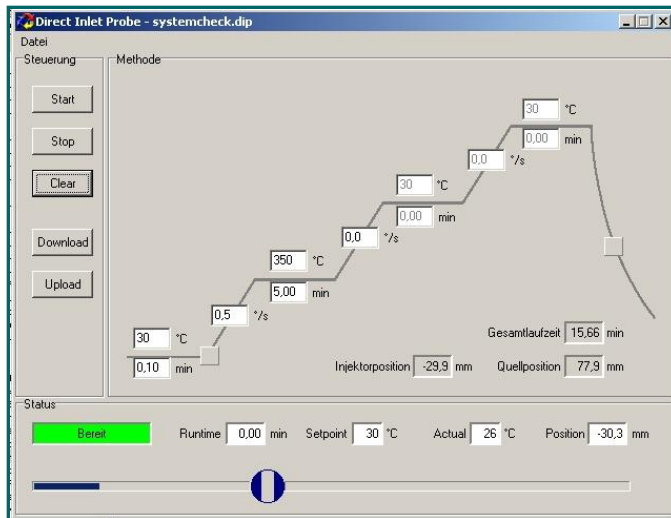


solid samples:

- change tip of the push rod for liquid samples against the solid sample tip
- fill sample tube and put it into the solid sample tip with special tweezers

temperature program:

- user-friendly DIP software enables feeding the temperature values directly into the temperature profile
- the status bar shows the course of the run (last line: plot of the push rod together with valve position)

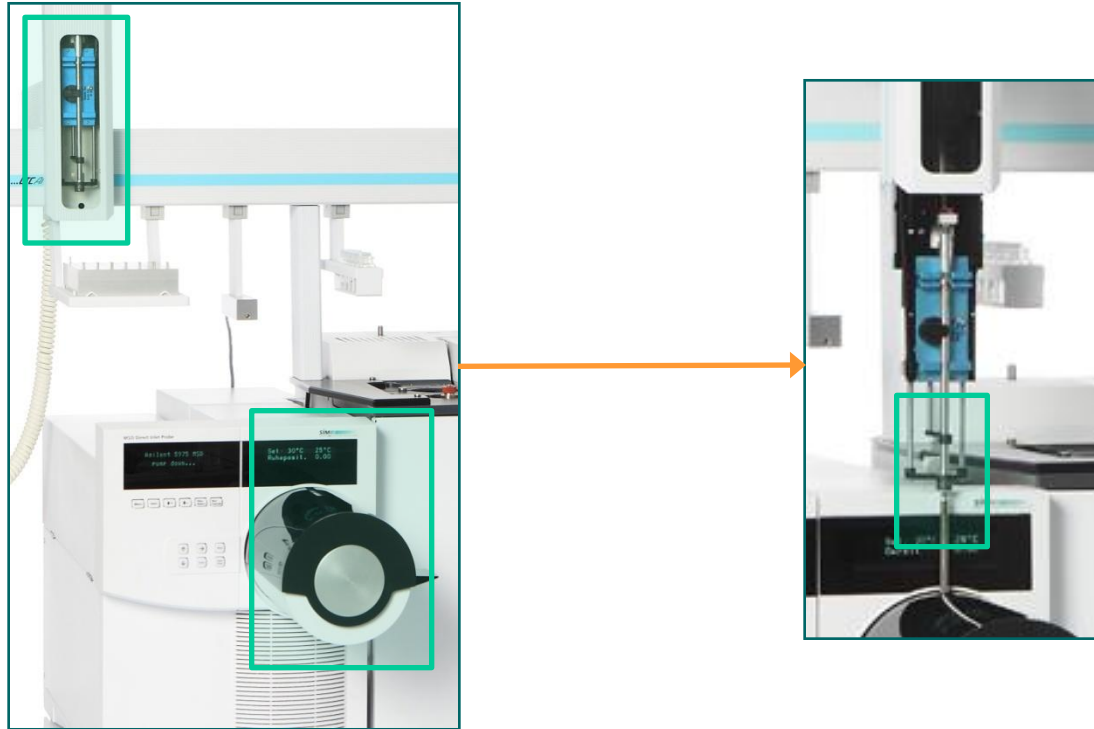


Multifunctionality of the GC/MS-DIP-System



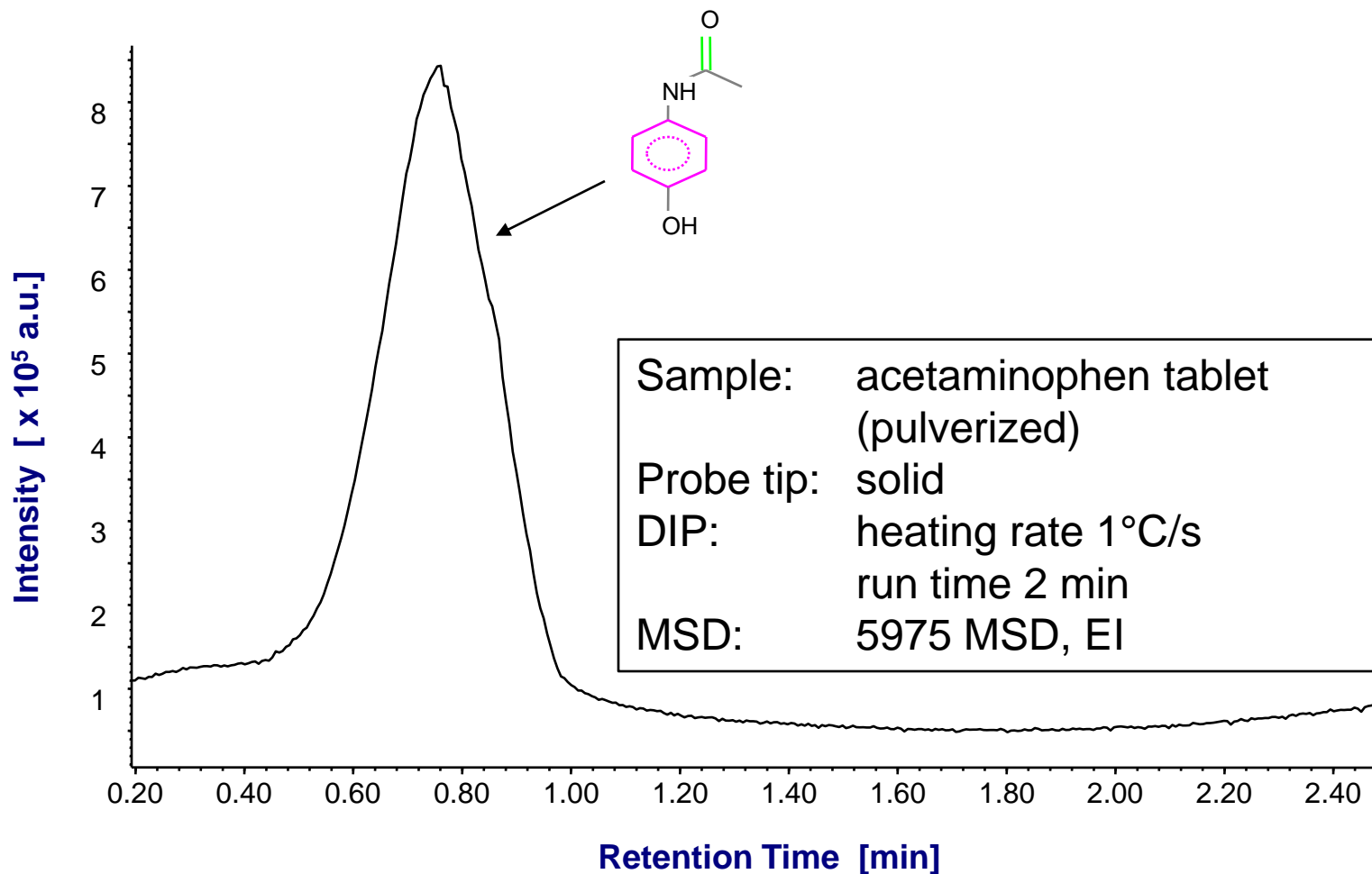
- GC/MS DIP System equipped with **TwinPAL**:
 - 1 arm with microliter syringe for **liquid sampling (GC or DIP)** and
 - 1 arm with tube-gripper for **solid sampling (DIP)**
- ➔ GC/MS and DIP/MS runs in series
- ➔ particularly suited for **screening methods**
- ➔ effective and time-saving, no hardware changes are necessary

Automated Analysis with PAL Autosampler

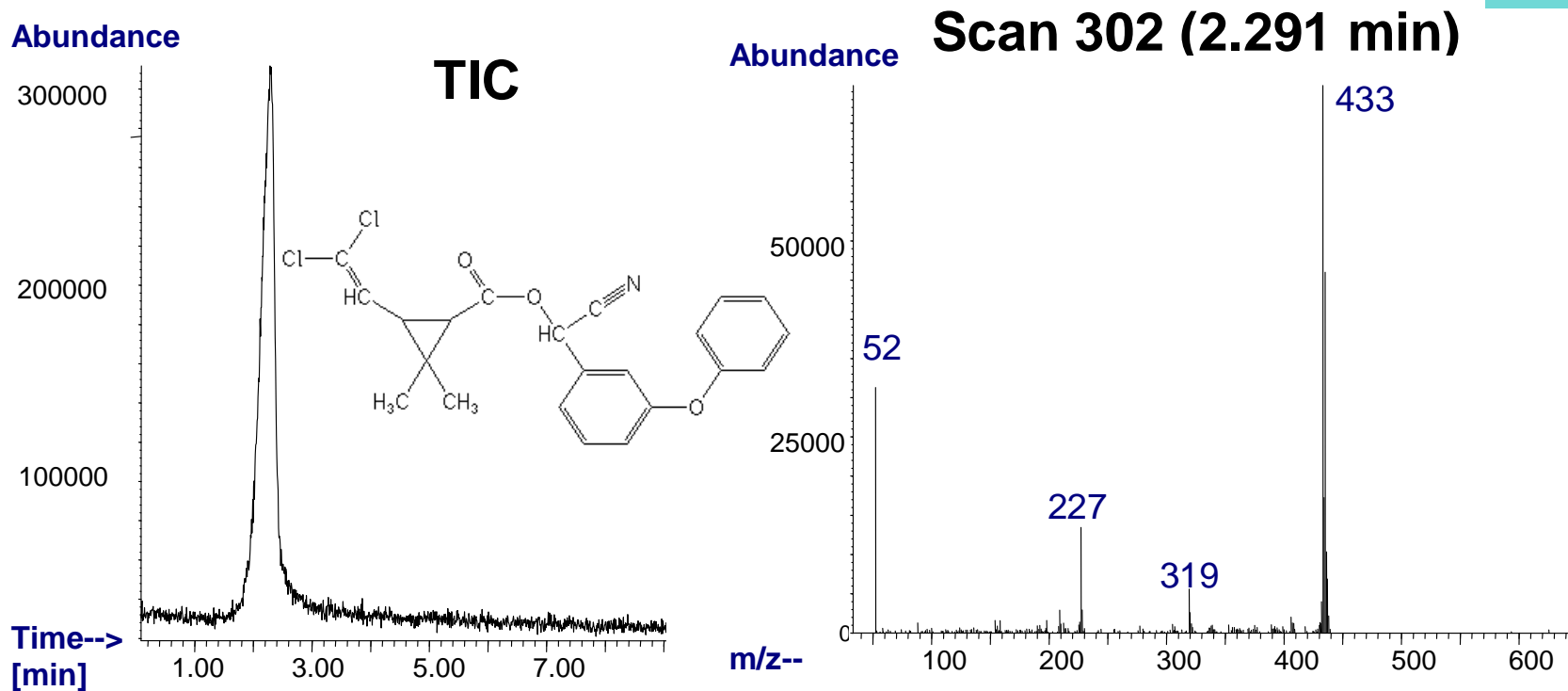


- **liquid samples:** PAL with μ -syringe
Option: thermostatted flow cell → online analysis
- **solid samples:** PAL with **tube gripper** to put the sample tube into the tip of the push rod

Solid Sample (EI): Tablet with Acetaminophen (Paracetamol)



Solid Sample (CI) : Cypermethrin



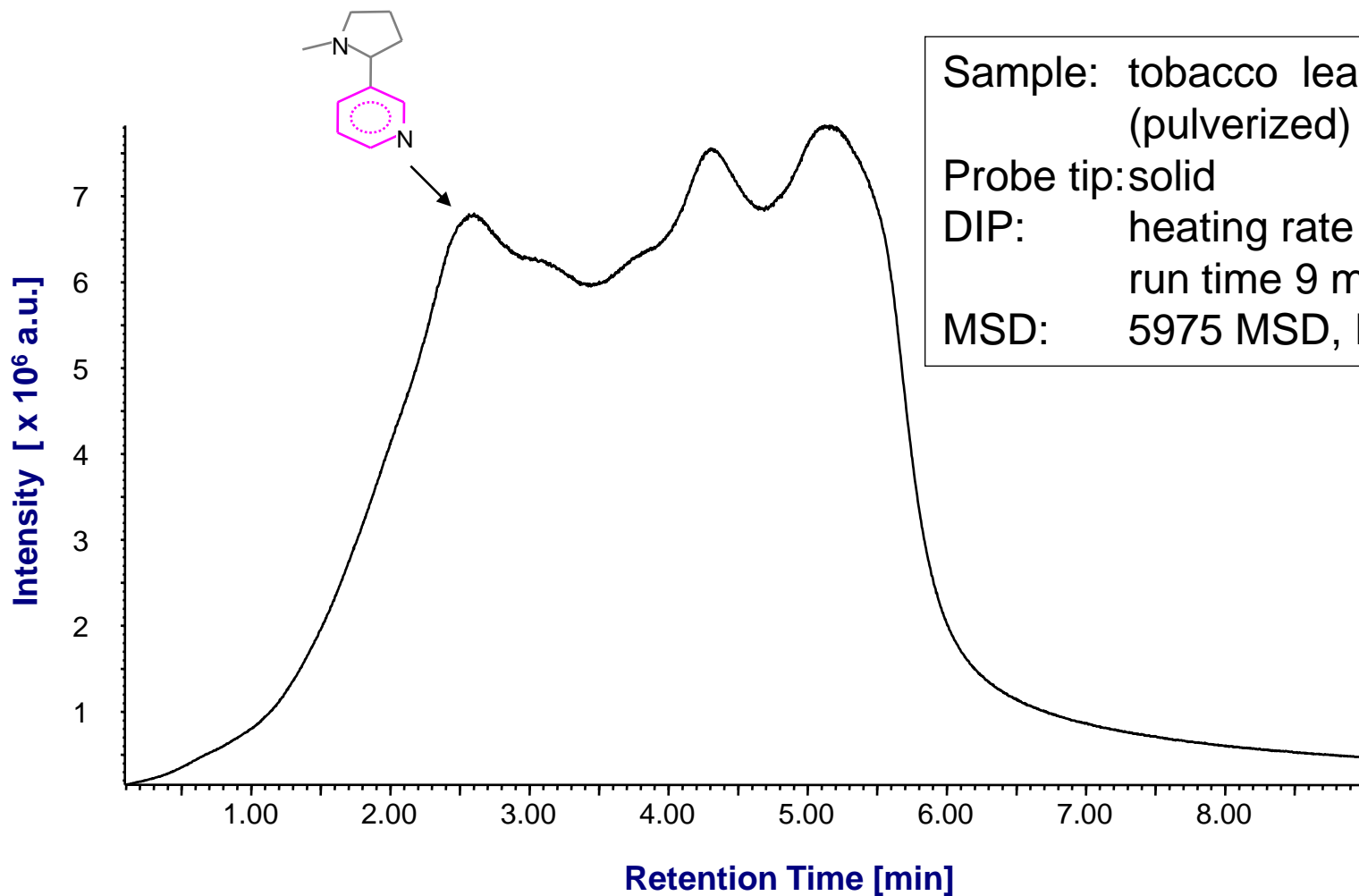
Sample: pyrethroid cypermethrin (solid), M = 416.3 g/mol

Probe tip: solid

DIP: heating rate 2°C/s, run time 5 min

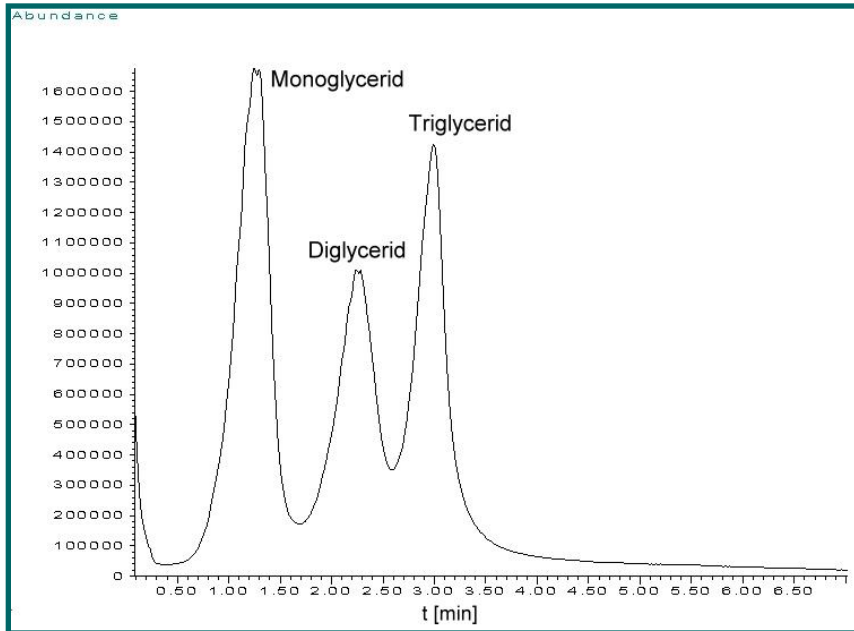
MSD: 5975 MSD, PCI mode with NH₃

Solid Sample (EI): Tobacco Leaf



Sample: tobacco leaf
(pulverized)
Probe tip: solid
DIP: heating rate 1°C/s
run time 9 min
MSD: 5975 MSD, EI

TIC of a Glyceride Mixture



- excellent temperature control and heat transmission at the probe tip

→ thermal separation of the glyceride mixture:
monoglycerid (130 °C)
diglycerid (190 °C)
triglycerid (230 °C)

Sample: glycerides of myristic acid (C14:0)

Probe tip: liquid

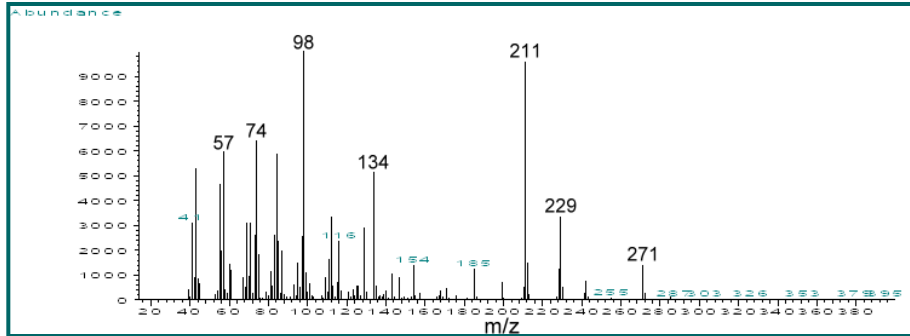
DIP: heating rate: 1 °C/s (50 - 350 °C)

run time: 6 min

MSD : 5973 MSD, EI

Interpretation of MS Data (example diglyceride)

a (DIP)

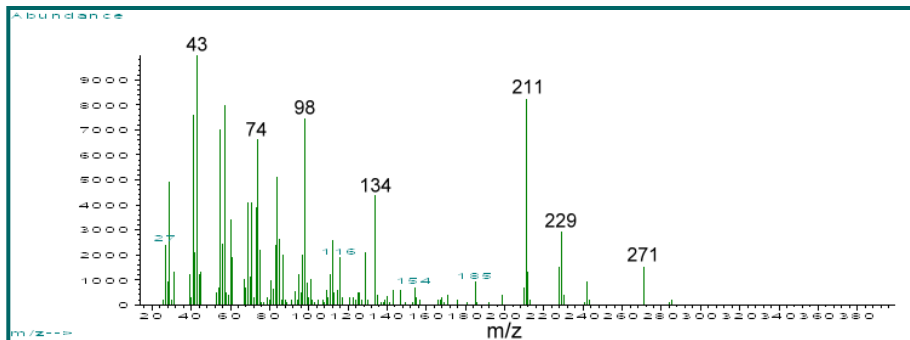


- mass spectrum of **myristic acid (C14:0) diglyceride**

a) scanned via MSD- DIP System (upper fig.)

b) result of the NIST library search (lower fig.)

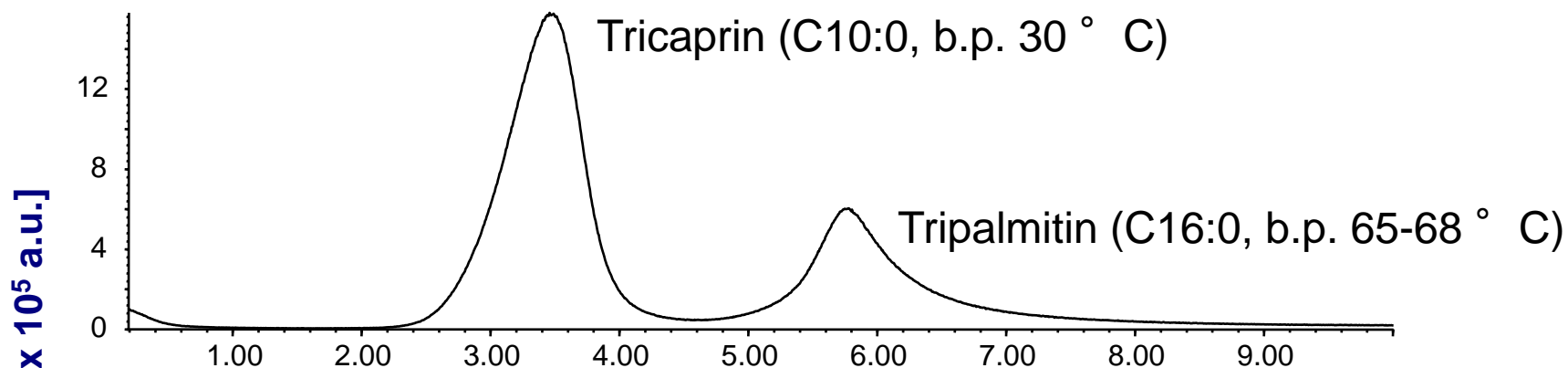
b (NIST)



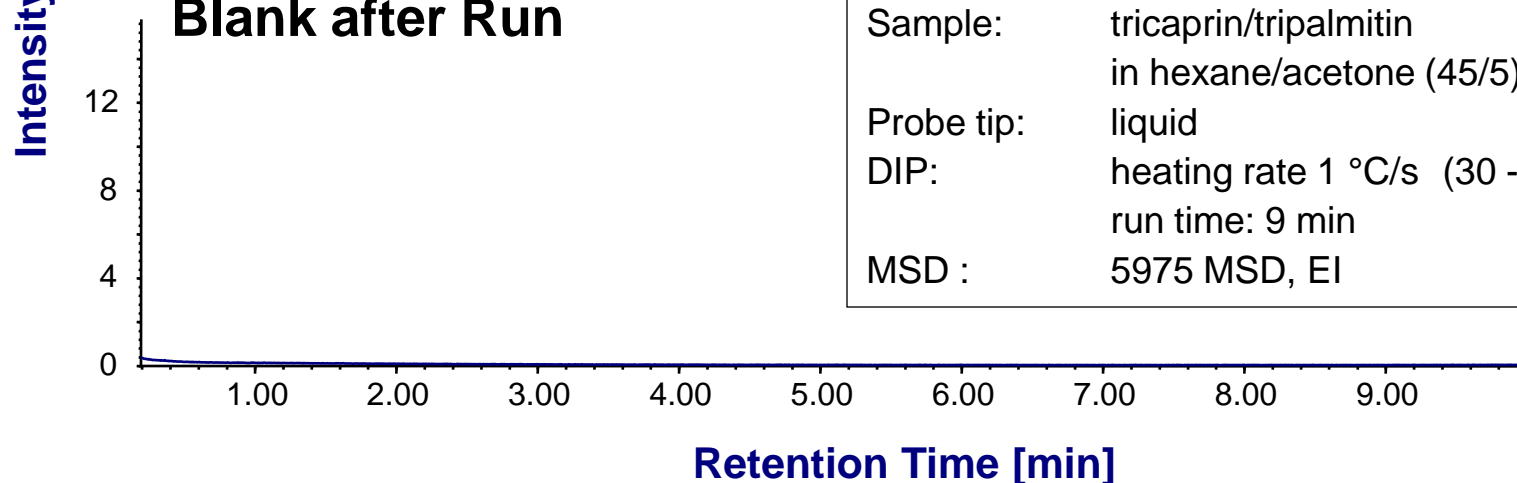
- ➔ all tools of the MS software may be applied
- ➔ identification of analytes by common library search

EI-Standard: Triglycerides (1.5 μg each)

Standard

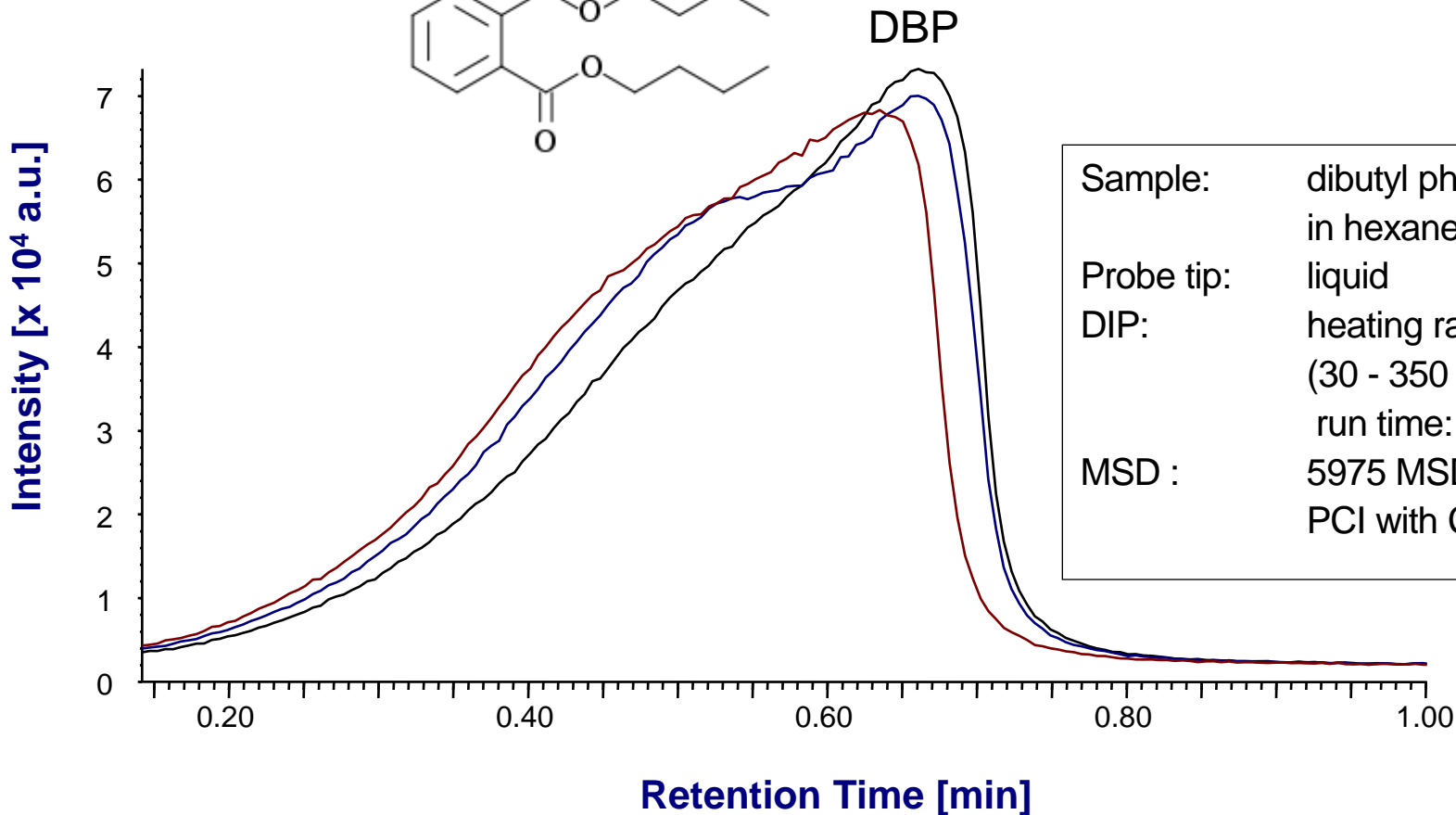
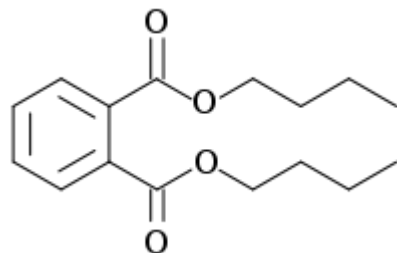


Blank after Run



Sample:	tricaprin/tripalmitin in hexane/acetone (45/5)
Probe tip:	liquid
DIP:	heating rate 1 °C/s (30 - 350 °C) run time: 9 min
MSD :	5975 MSD, EI

CI-Standard: Dibutyl Phthalate (DBP)



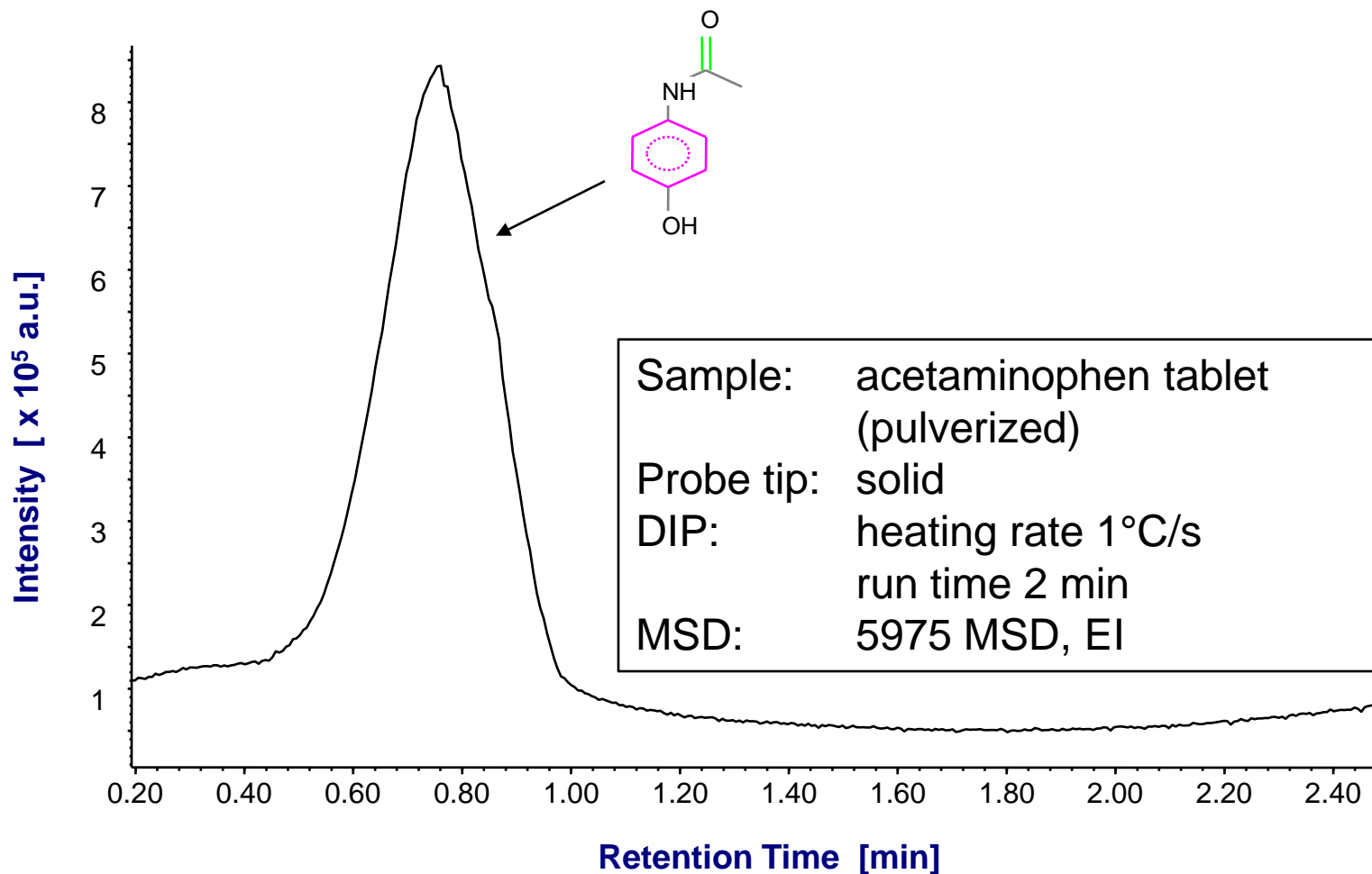
Sample: dibutyl phthalate
in hexane

Probe tip: liquid

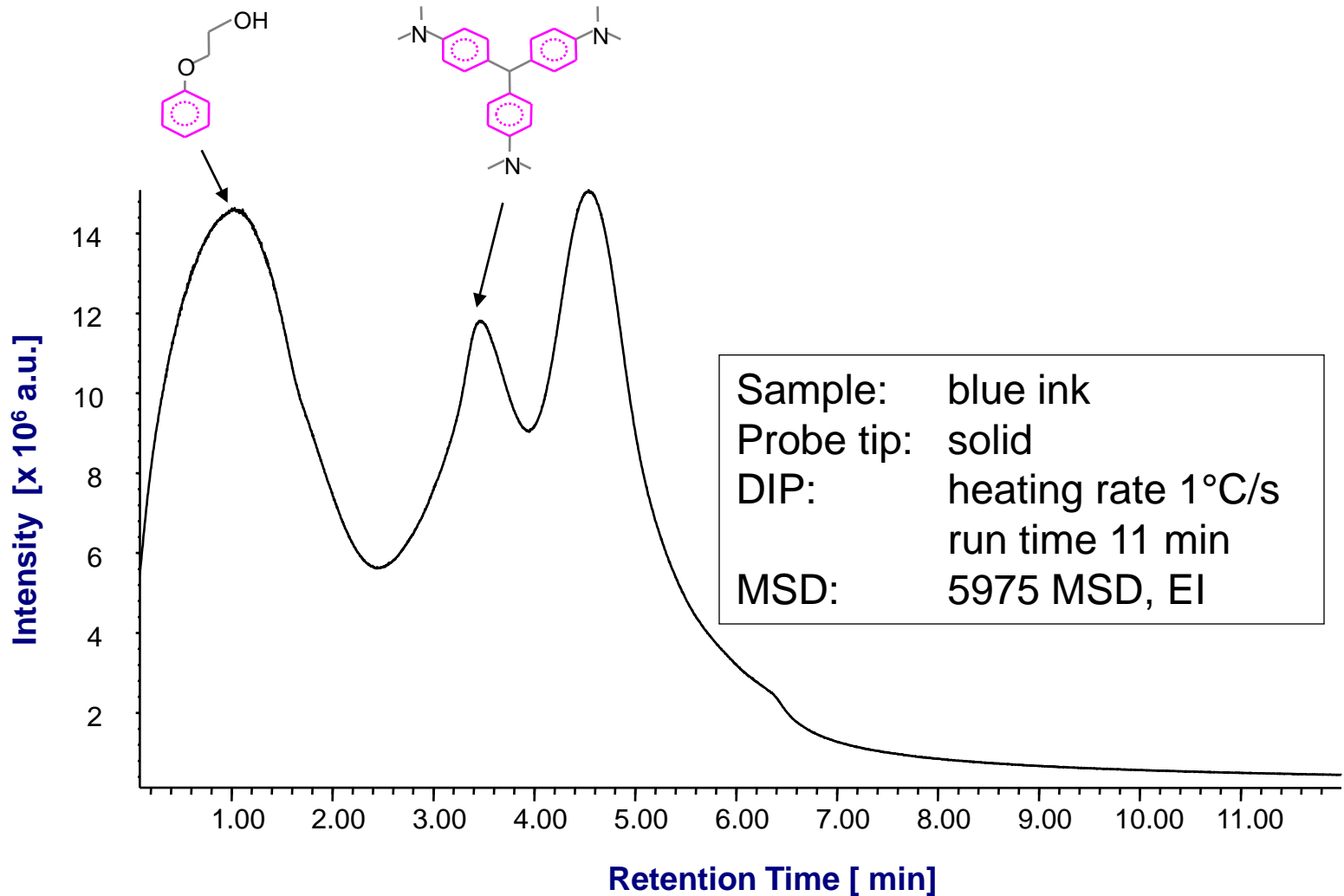
DIP: heating rate: 1 °C/s
(30 - 350 °C)
run time: 1 min

MSD : 5975 MSD,
PCI with CH₄

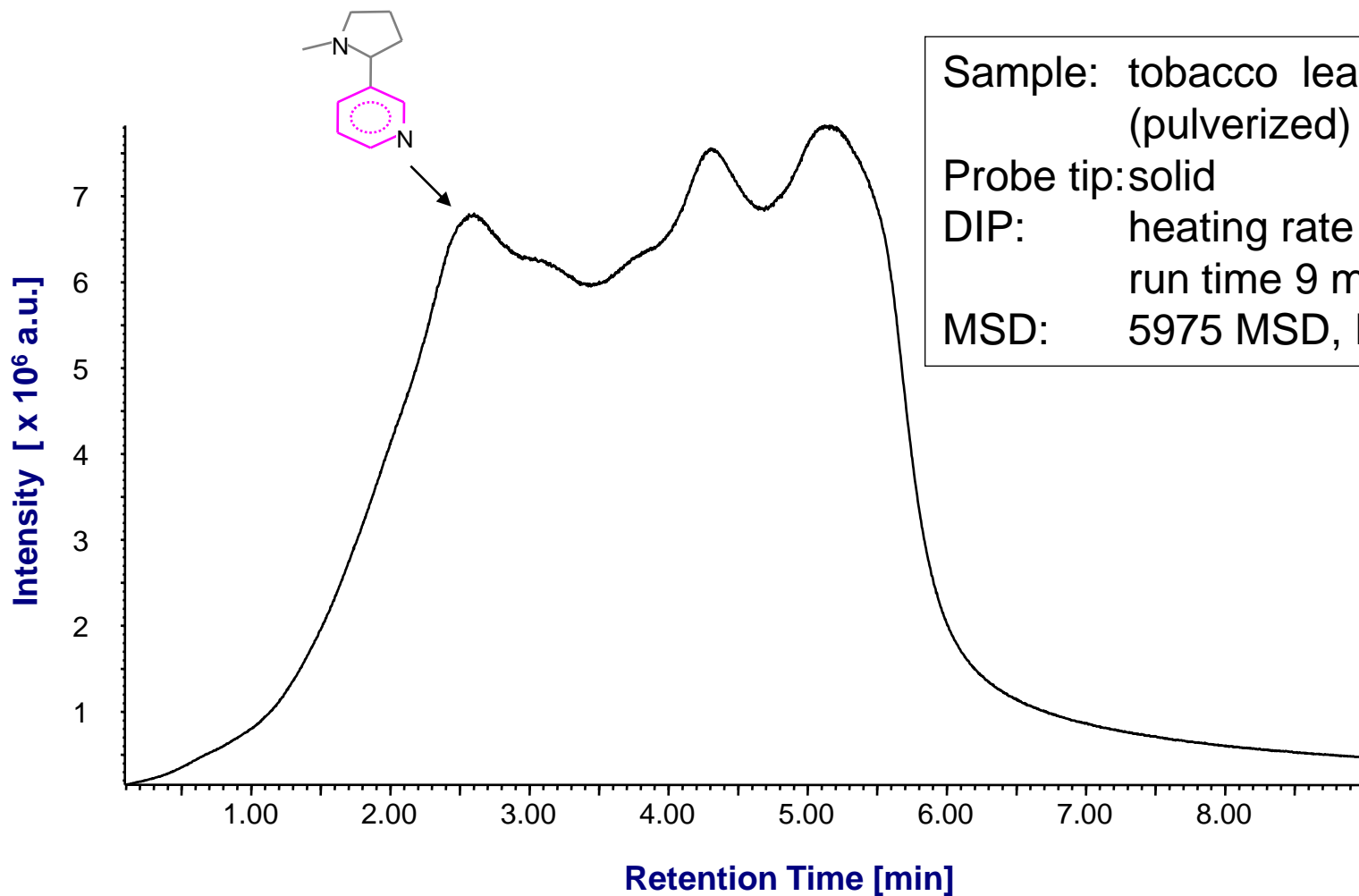
Solid Sample (EI): Tablet with Acetaminophen (Paracetamol)



Solid Sample (EI): Blue Ink (Ball-point pen)



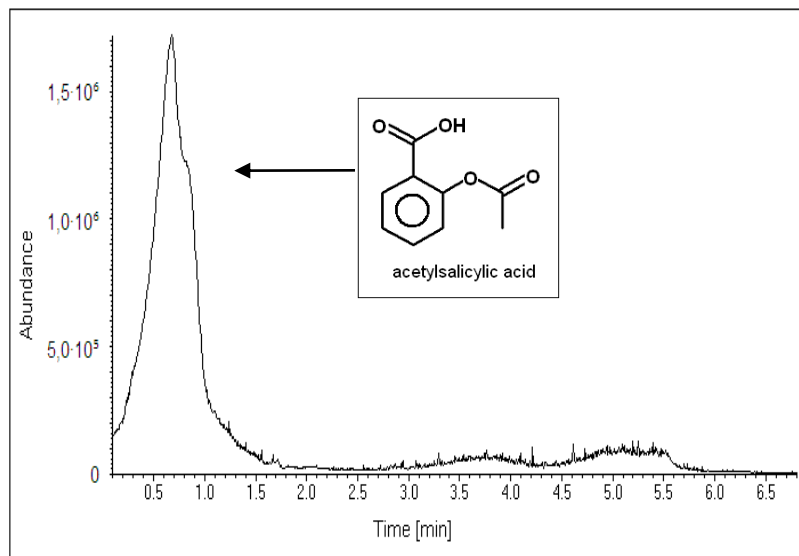
Solid Sample (EI): Tobacco Leaf



Sample: tobacco leaf
(pulverized)
Probe tip: solid
DIP: heating rate 1°C/s
run time 9 min
MSD: 5975 MSD, EI

DIP-Application: Pharmaceuticals

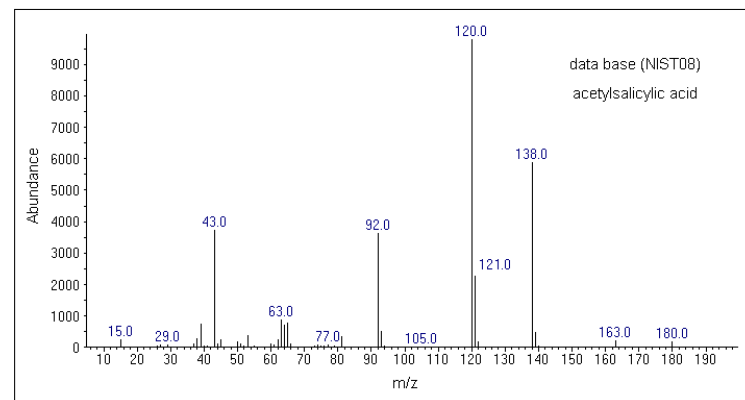
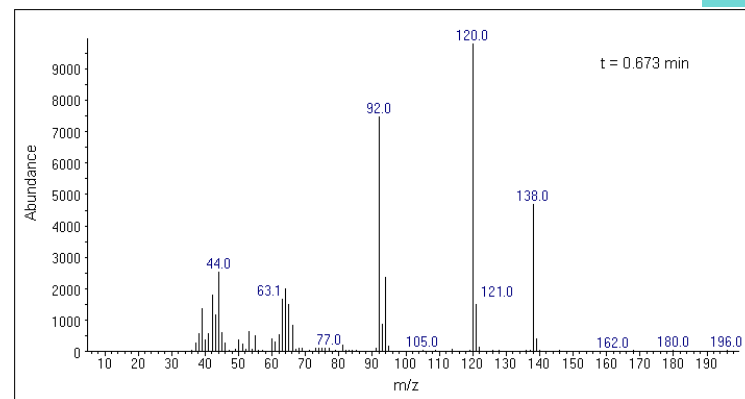
Aspirin-Tablet (EI, Solid Sample)



Vaporization Curve of Aspirin-Tablet

MS Agilent 5975 MSD, EI mode
MS Temp 280 °C (Source), 150 °C (Quad),
280 °C (Transfer Line)
Full Scan 33-600 m/z
DIP solid tip
DIP Temp 40 °C, 0.5 °C/s to 350 °C

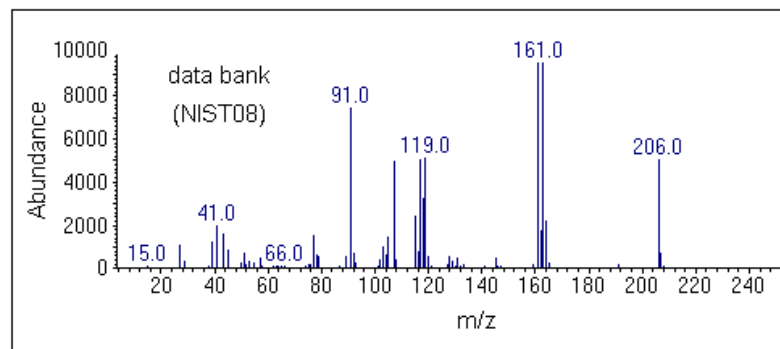
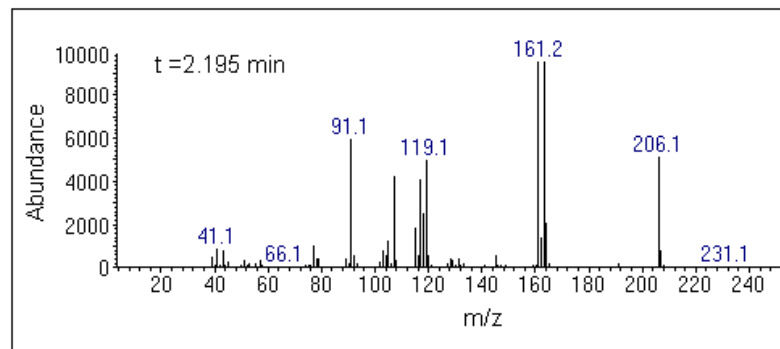
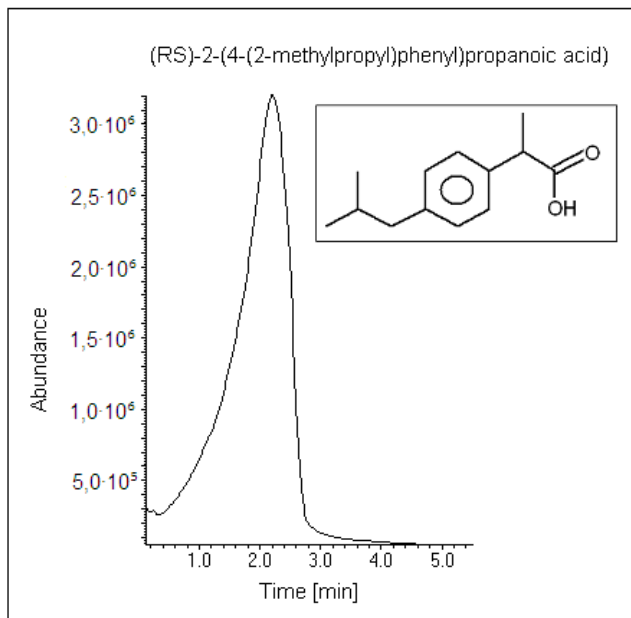
→ acetylsalicylic acid can't be vaporized without decomposition, GC/MS analysis needs derivatization



MS spectrum at 0.673 min (top) and reference spectrum (NIST 08) of **acetylsalicylic acid** (M = 180.16 g/mol)

DIP-Application: Pharmaceuticals

Ibuprofen-Tablet (EI, Solid Sample)



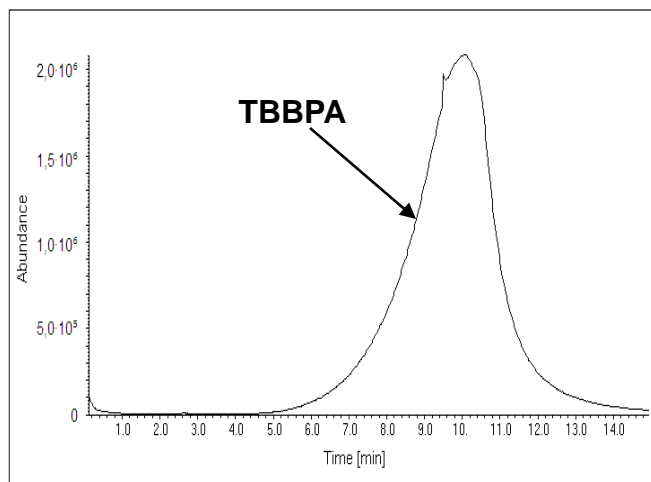
Vaporization Curve of Ibuprofen-Tablet

MS Agilent 5975 MSD, EI mode
 MS Temp 280 °C (Source), 150 °C (Quad),
 280 °C (Transfer Line)
 Full Scan 33-1000 m/z
 DIP solid tip, CO₂-cooling
 DIP Temp 5 °C, 0.2 °C/s to 60 °C,
 0.5 °C/s to 400 °C

MS spectrum at 2.195 min (top)
 and
 reference spectrum (NIST 08) of
Ibuprofen (M = 206.28 g/mol)

→ usual GC/MS analysis of ibuprofen: TMS derivate

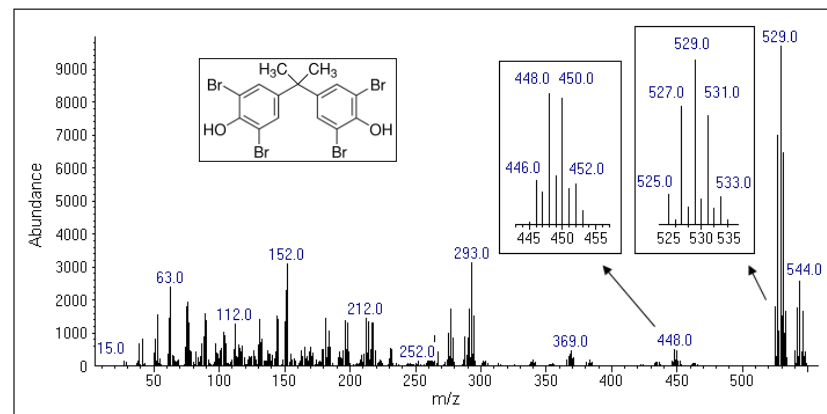
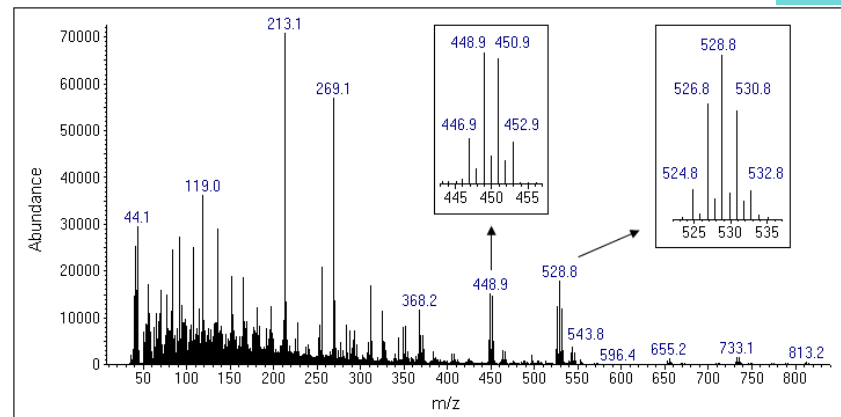
DIP-Application: Brominated Flame Retardant in Printed Circuit Board (EI, Solid Sample)



Vaporization Curve of Printed Circuit Board (chippings)

MS Agilent 5975 MSD, EI mode
 MS Temp 280 °C (Source), 150 °C (Quad),
 280 °C (Transfer Line)
 Full Scan 33-1000 m/z
 DIP solid tip
 DIP Temp 40 °C, 0.5 °C/s to 350 °C

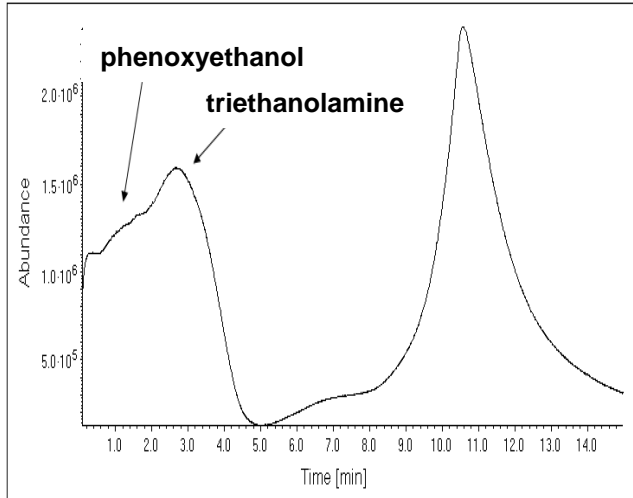
➔ **TBBPA:**
 mainly used flame retardant for printed
 circuit boards instead of banned PBDEs



MS spectrum at 9.191 min (top)
 and
 reference spectrum (NIST 08) of
Tetrabromobisphenol A
 (TBBPA, M = 543.88 g/mol)
 see typical isotope distribution
 pattern for bromine substitution

DIP-Application: Cosmetics

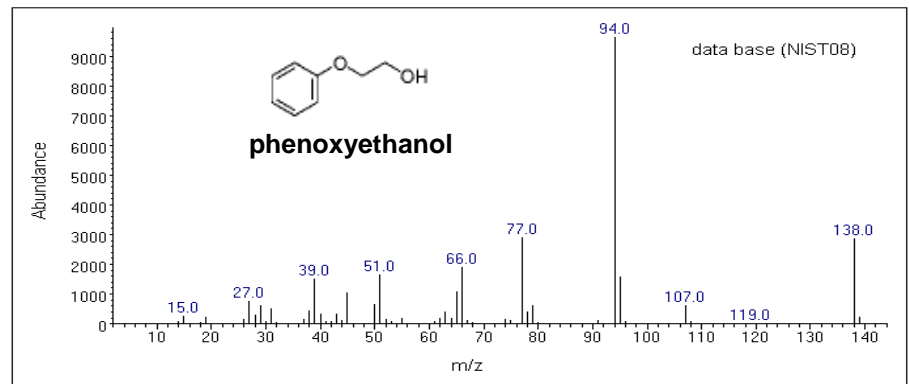
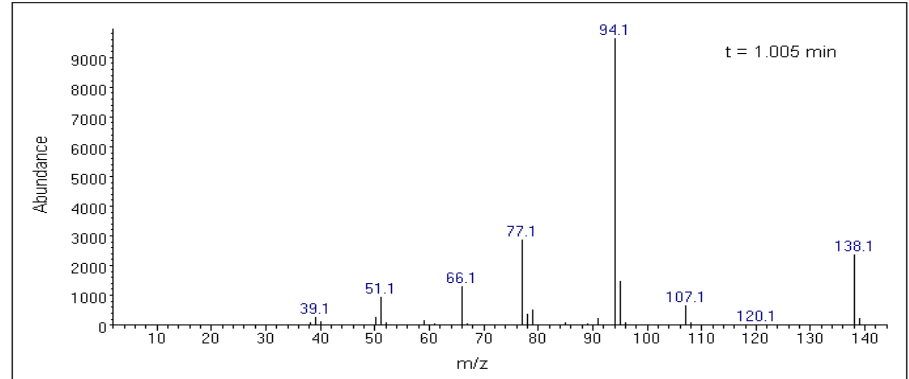
Additives in Hair Gel (I) (EI, Solid Sample)



Vaporization Curve of Hair Gel

MS Agilent 5975 MSD, EI mode
MS Temp. 280 °C (Source), 150 °C (Quad),
280 °C (Transfer Line)
Full Scan 33-800 m/z
DIP solid tip
DIP Temp. 40 °C, 0.5 °C/s to 350 °C

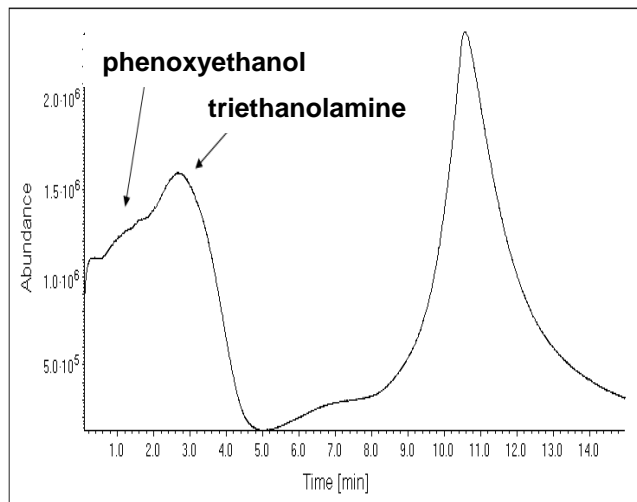
→ phenoxyethanol is used as
preservative
(functional components of hair gel:
cationic polymers)



MS spectrum at 1.005 min (top)
and
reference spectrum (NIST 08) of
phenoxyethanol (M = 138.16 g/mol)

DIP-Application: Cosmetics

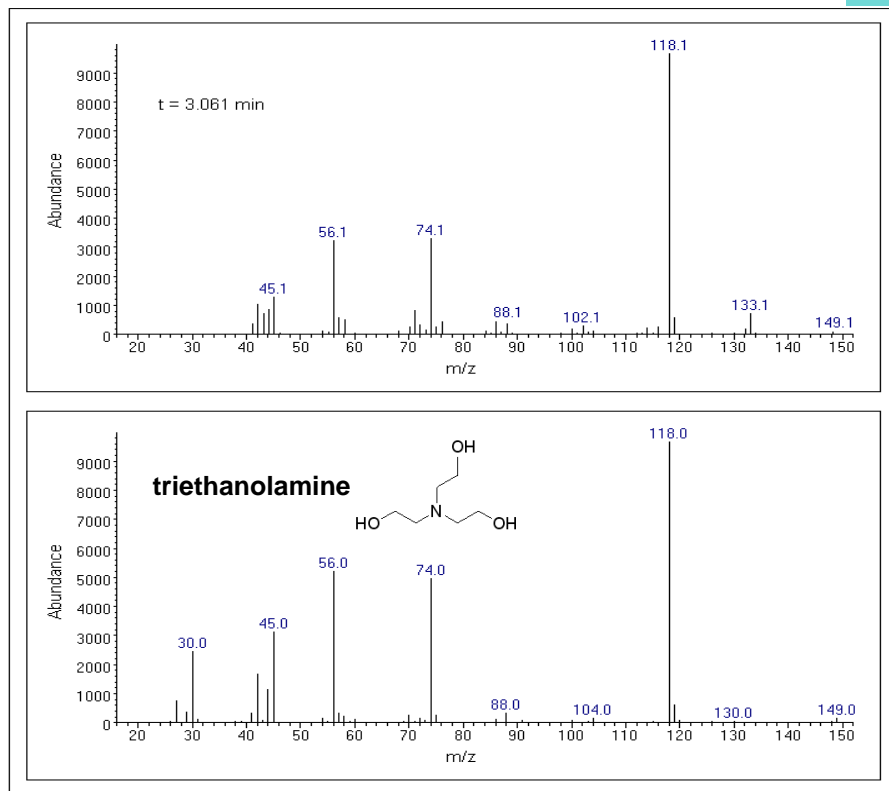
Additives in Hair Gel (II) (EI, Solid Sample)



Vaporization Curve of Hair Gel

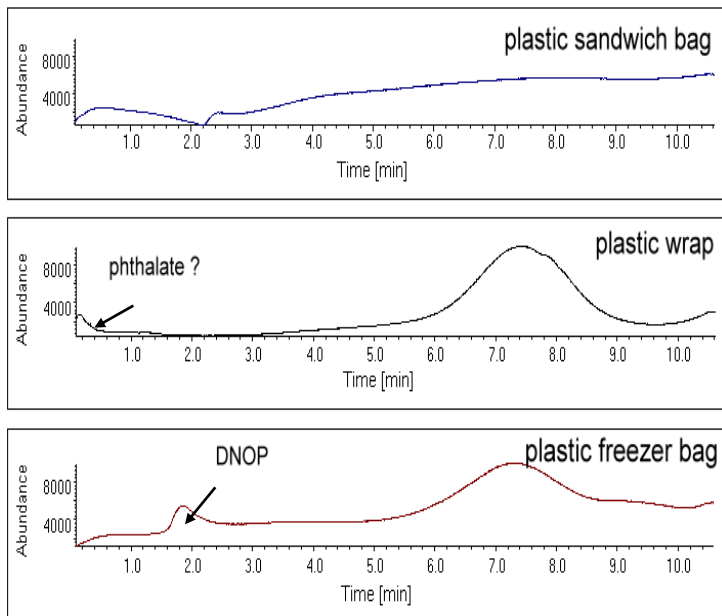
MS Agilent 5975 MSD, EI mode
MS Temp. 280 °C (Source), 150 °C (Quad),
280 °C (Transfer Line)
Full Scan 33-800 m/z
DIP solid tip
DIP Temp. 40°C, 0.5 °C/s to 350 °C

→ triethanolamine is used as
pH-balancer



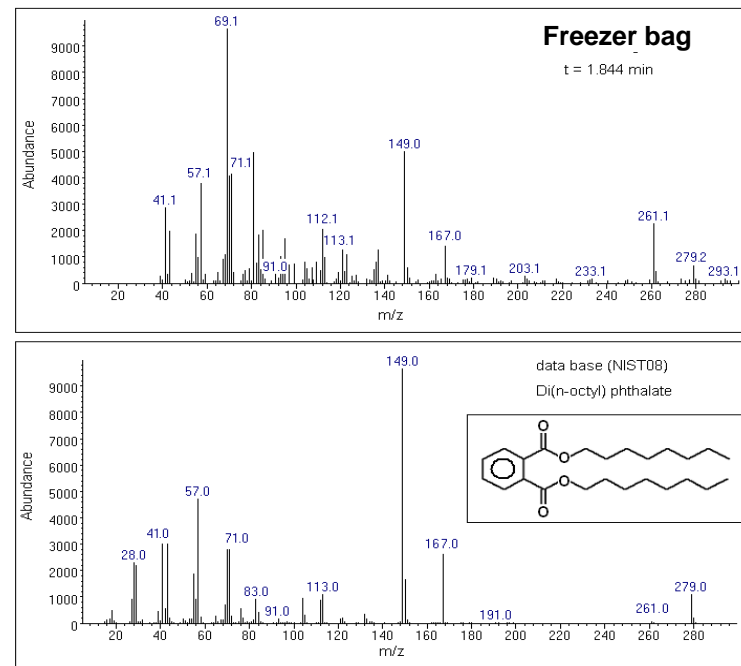
MS spectrum at 3.061 min (top)
and
reference spectrum (NIST 08) of
triethanolamine (M = 149.19 g/mol)

DIP-Application: Food Packaging Phthalates (EI, Solid Sample)



Vaporization Curves of 3 food packaging

MS Agilent 5975 MSD, EI mode
 MS Temp. 280 °C (Source), 150 °C (Quad),
 280 °C (Transfer Line)
 Full Scan 33-800 m/z (bags), 33-600 m/z (wrap)
 DIP solid tip
 DIP Temp. 40°C, 0.5 °C/s to 350 °C

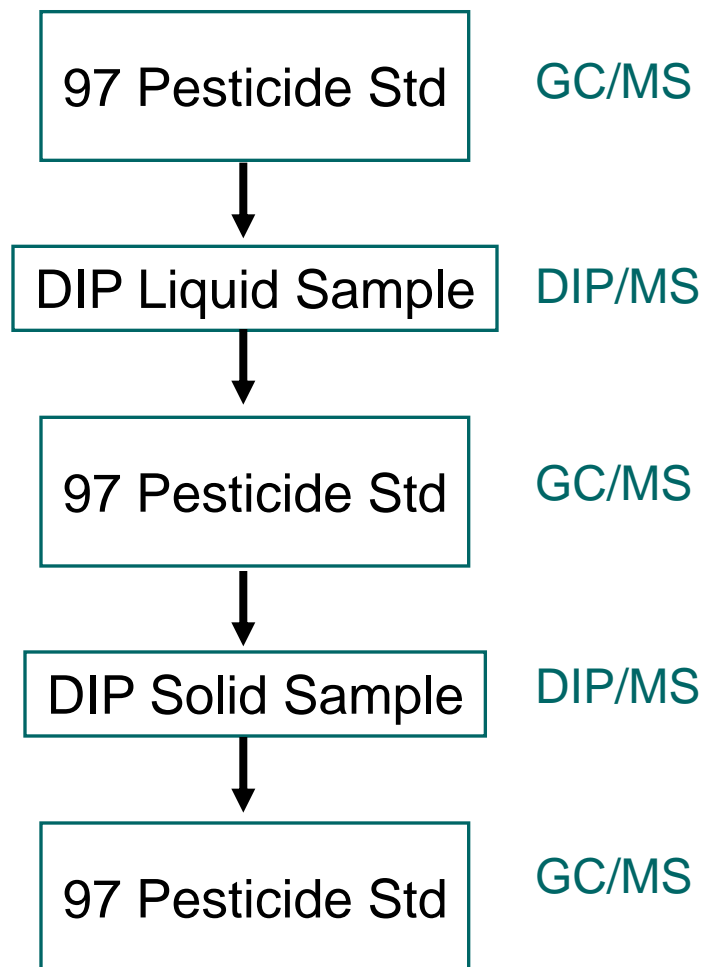


MS spectrum at 1.944 min (plastic freezer bag) and reference spectrum (NIST 08) of **di(n-octyl)phthalate** (DNOP, M = 390 g/mol)

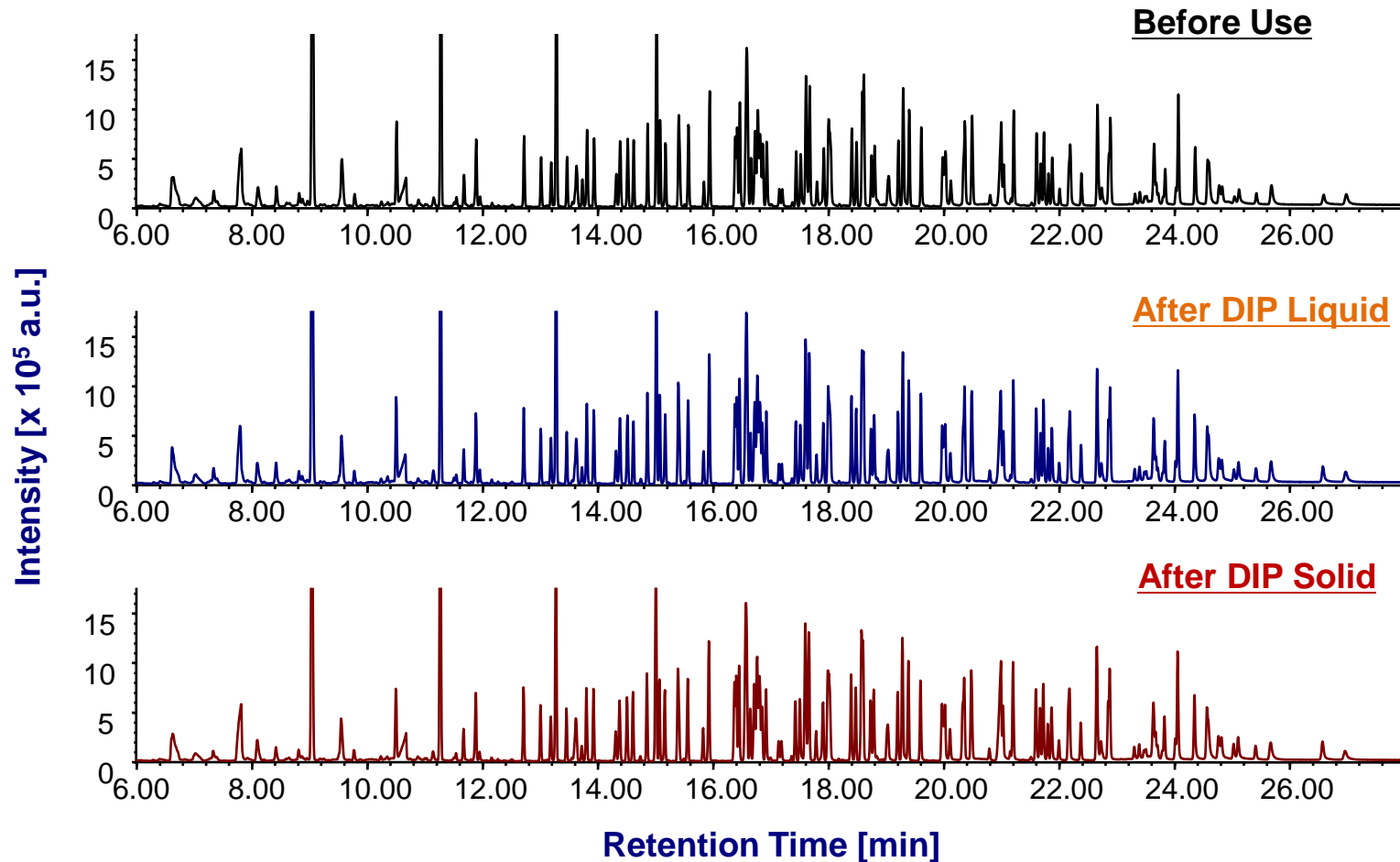
➔ **freezer bag** contains phthalates:
 DNOP (see ref. spectrum),
 fragment ion 293 gives indication for
 di-n-nonyl phthalate (DINP, M = 418 g/mol)

Sensitivity Test

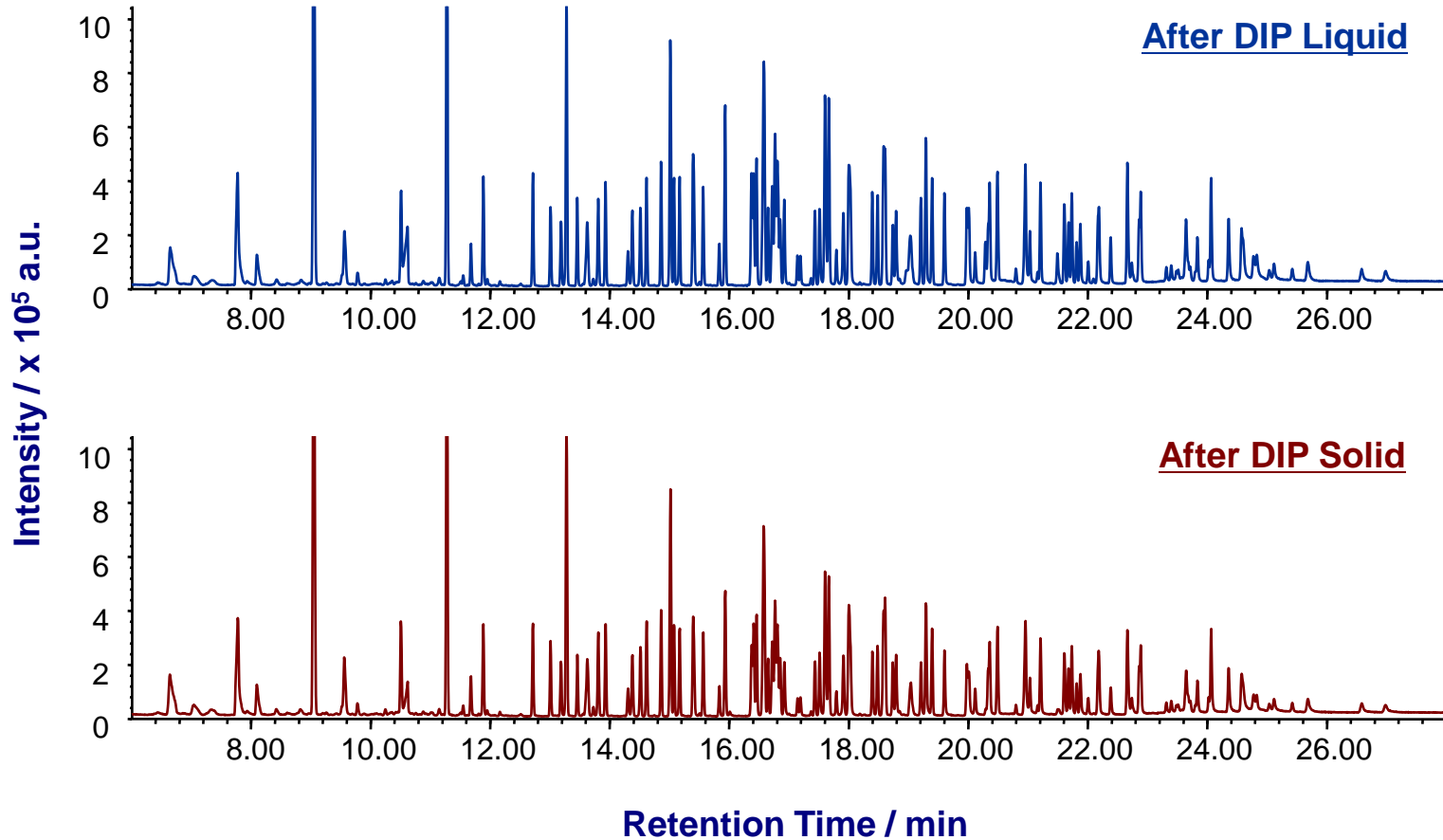
Does DIP measurement influence GC/MS sensitivity?



Sensitivity Test: GC/MS: TICs of Pesticides at 5 ng



Sensitivity Test: GC/MS: TICs of Pesticides at 1 ng



DIP Features

- **enhancement** of the MSD application range:
analysis of low volatile samples (liquid and solid) without preceding chromatographic separation
→ MS as well as GC/MS
- **short analysis time** for mass spectra:
ideal for high throughput quality control analysis (screening) in EI and CI mode of the 5973/5975 MSD and 7000 Triple Q
- **quick changeover** from GC/MS to DIP-MS:
it is not necessary to uncouple the GC/MS interface
- **ease of use:**
microprocessor controlled introduction of the sample into the high vacuum minimizes the change of accidental venting the MS
- **extensive data analysis**
using the tools of MS ChemStation and MassHunter software
- **possibility of automation** and **online analysis** by combination with a PAL autosampler

DIP Specifications

- Requirement: GC/MS System with Standard or Performance Turbo Pump
- Modes: DIP/MS and GC/MS without uncoupling the GC/MS interface
- Sampling: Probe tip for liquid and solid samples
- Temperature Range: RT up to 400 °C
- DIP Temperature Control: 0.1 °C -2 °C/s, max. 3 ramps subsequent cooling with pressurized air
- Control system: DIP software to control the system by PC or via control panel of the DIP
- Analysis of mass spectra: MS ChemStation, MassHunter
- Options:
 - CO₂-Cooling Kit,
 - combination with PAL autosampler for automation and online-analysis
 - SIM Control software for adaptive sequences